Thousand

800

750

700

650

600

550

500

450

400

Jun-24



12 August 2024

Malaysia Labour Market

Labour participation rate hit record high in June, unemployment rate unchanged

Graph 1: Unemployment Rate

Jun-20

Source: Dept. of Statistics, Kenanga Research

Unemployed Persons (RHS)

Jun-22

Jun-23

Unemployment Rate

Jun-21

- The unemployment rate remained unchanged for the eighth straight month at 3.3% in June (May: 3.3%), thanks to stable labour market conditions
 - Unemployment numbers fell by 0.1% MoM (May: -0.1%): extending a 35-month decline.
 - In absolute terms, the number of unemployed persons fell to 565.3k (May: 566.1k), approaching the pre-pandemic level (Feb-20: 525.2k). Meanwhile, the actively unemployed fell slightly to 451.9k (May: 452.0k), and those unemployed for less than three months decreased to 277.9k (May: 278.1k), the lowest since April 2020.
- Employment growth accelerated in June (0.2% MoM; May: 0.1%) to a four-month high, driven by strong services sector
 - By sector: according to DOSM, the increase in employment was largely due to robust hiring in the services sector, particularly in wholesale & retail trad
 - services sector, particularly in wholesale & retail trade, food & beverage services and information & communication activities. Similarly, manufacturing, construction, mining & quarrying, and agriculture sectors also registered an increase in employment.

5.4

5.0

4.6

4.2

3.8

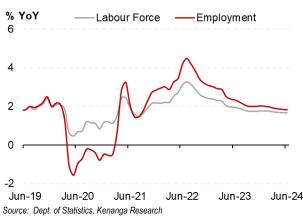
3.4

3.0

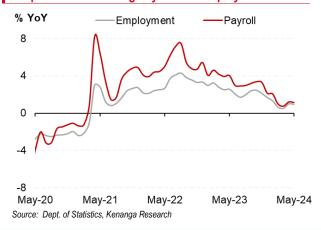
Jun-19

- By employment status: due to an increase in employees (0.1% MoM; May: 0.1%), although the share of total employment fell slightly to 75.0% (May: 75.1%). Own account workers (0.3%; May: 0.3%) sustained, with the share of total employment at 18.4% (May: 18.4%). However, growth of employers slowed (0.2%; May: 0.4%) for the second straight month, while unpaid family workers fell for the fourth straight month (-0.1%; May: -0.3%).
- Labour force participation rate increased (70.4%; May: 70.3%) to a record high
 - Labour force (0.15% MoM; May: 0.14%): growth expanded to a five-month high with an addition of 25.2k persons (May: 23.8k), reaching a total of 17.17m persons.
- Mixed performance of unemployment rate among advanced economies
 - US: increased for the fourth straight month in July (4.3%; Jun: 4.1%), the highest in 33 months. However, the latest jobless claims fell more than expected (233.0k; consensus: 240.0k).
 - Japan: decreased (2.5%; May: 2.6%) to a five-month low, but the job availability ratio slipped to 1.23 (May: 1.24).
- Average unemployment rate forecast for 2024 remains at 3.2% (2023: 3.4%)
 - We expect robust hiring activities for the rest of the year, as the unemployment rate has remained steady at 3.3% over the first six months, holding at this level for eighth straight month. This stability is driven by ongoing expansion in the services and manufacturing sectors, increased tourist arrivals, improving household income, as well as the gradual recovery of the technology-oriented sub-sector. Additionally, the realisation of record-approved investment worth RM329.5b registered last year along with RM83.7b in investment approved in 1Q24 are expected to further boost hiring.
 - However, our forecast remains vulnerable to downside risk, particularly from potential global economic slowdowns, especially if the US economy underperforms or China's recovery is slower than expected. Given Malaysia's heavy reliance on external trade, any slowdown in major economies poses a downside risk to domestic growth. Nonetheless, we maintain our 2024 GDP growth forecast of 4.5% 5.0% (2023: 3.6%).

Graph 2: Labour Force Vs. Employment



Graph 3: Manufacturing Payroll and Employment





12 August 2024

Table 1: Malaysia's Labour Market Indicators

	Jun-23	Jan-24	Feb-24	Mar-24	Apr-24	May-24	Jun-24
Labour Force							
Number ('000)	16,889.4	17,050.3	17,074.9	17,098.7	17,122.1	17,145.9	17,171.1
YoY %	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7
MoM %	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Outside Labour Force							
Number ('000)	7,225.7	7,233.4	7,232.7	7,232.5	7,233.1	7,232.9	7,231.7
YoY %	-0.4	-0.1	-0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1
MoM %	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Employment							
Number ('000)	16,307.8	16,483.0	16,507.9	16,532.2	16,555.7	16,579.9	16,605.7
YoY %	2.3	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.8
MoM %	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2
Unemployment							
Number ('000)	581.7	567.3	567.0	566.6	566.4	566.1	565.3
YoY %	-7.8	-4.8	-4.2	-3.8	-3.5	-3.2	-2.8
MoM %	-0.5	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	0.0	-0.1	-0.1
Unemployment Rate (%)	3.4	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3
Labour Force Participation Rate (%)	70.0	70.2	70.2	70.3	70.3	70.3	70.4

Source: Dept. of Statistics, Kenanga Research

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